



文献检索要点与常用工具

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扫清障碍：

英文

SCI文献检索、文献解读、论文撰写等

实用工具

PubmedPlus插件

The screenshot shows the 360 browser extension store interface. The search bar at the top right contains the text "pubmed" and is highlighted with a red box and arrow labeled "1". Below the search bar, the search results for "pubmed" are displayed. The first result is the "pubnaedplus" plugin, which is highlighted with a red box and arrow labeled "2". The "安装" (Install) button for this plugin is also highlighted with a red box and arrow labeled "3".

扩展中心 - 360极速浏览器 - / x 新标签页

360安全中心 <https://ext.chrome.360.cn/webstore/search/pubmed> 中国正能量

导入。立即导入收藏夹...

360 极速浏览器
360 Extreme Explorer

首页 扩展 论坛 360首页>>

已安装扩展(1)

小工具

购物比价

游戏

公示区

开发工具

"pubmed" 的搜索结果

pubnaedplus
版本号: 0.2.12
安装 Pubmedplus工具条, 为Pubmed增加更多有用功能:

Sci-Hub Links...
版本号: 1.0
安装 转换 DOI 和 Pubmed 位址为 sci-hub 连结, 阅

pubmed

最近更新 更多

- 1 迷你派采集器
- 2 京东历史价和优惠
- 3 笃笃微博视频下载器
- 4 简悦 - SimpRead
- 5 书签侧边栏
- 6 #appalyzer
- 7 Click & Clean

实用工具

一键获取翻译后的论文题目和摘要

您的收藏夹是空的，请从其他浏览器导入。立即导入收藏夹...

已将此网页从 **英语** 翻译成 **中文 (简体)** [显示原始网页](#)

我的 NCBI 浏览器 **LS** 3,484 个结果

全部 (3,484)
过去 5 年发表 (3,484)
回顾 (1)
如果: >10 (49)
如果: 6-10 (113)
如果: 5-6 (52)
[显示更少](#)

应用的过滤器: 观察性研究, 在过去 5 年中. [清除所有](#)

显示 **护理** 结果
您对 **nersing** 的搜索 未检索到任何结果

年度结果

2016年 2021年

文本可用性
 抽象的
 免费全文

COVID-19 对比比利时重症监护病房**护理**时间的影响。
1 Bruyneel A, Gallani MC, Tack J, d'Hondt A, Canipel S, Franck S, Reper P, Pirson M.
重症监护护士。2021 年 2 月; 62:102967. doi: 10.1016/j.jiccn.2020.102967. 2020 年 10 月 28 日电子版。
PMID: 33162312 **免费 PMC 文章。**
分享 **PUBMED** 如果: 1.6520 被引用: 3 参考: 36 **西哈布** **自由**
目的: 评估 COVID-19 患者所需的护患比例, 并确定在这种情况下影响**护理**的因素。设计: 本研究是一项回顾性观察研究, 使用**护理**活动评分 (NAS ...

药物的安全管理: **超越**五项权利的**护理**行为。
2 Martyn JA, Paliadelis P, Perry C.
护士教育实践。2019 年 5 月; 37:109-114. doi: 10.1016/j.nepr.2019.05.006. 电子版 2019 年 5 月 21 日。
PMID: 31132586
分享 **PUBMED** 如果: 1.6650 被引用: 1 参考: ~ **西哈布**

实用工具

一键获取PDF翻译：知云文献翻译

The screenshot displays the Zhiyun Literature Translation V7.0.0.1 software interface. The main window shows a PDF document with the following details:

- EPMA Journal (2020) 11:139–145
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s13167-020-00208-z>
- RESEARCH
- Early decrease in blood platelet count is associated with poor prognosis in COVID-19 patients—indications for predictive, preventive, and personalized medical approach**
- Xiaofang Zhao¹ · Kun Wang¹ · Peiyuan Zuo² · Yuwei Liu³ · Meng Zhang¹ · Songpu Xie¹ · Hao Zhang¹ · Xinglin Chen⁴ · Chengyun Liu^{1,5}
- Received: 4 March 2020 / Accepted: 24 April 2020 / Published online: 14 May 2020
© European Association for Predictive, Preventive and Personalised Medicine (EPMA) 2020

The **Abstract** section is highlighted with a red box:

Abstract
Background Changes in platelet count are common in COVID-19 patients. The platelet count reflects the thrombocyte turnover, acting as a sensitive indicator of illness severity that is of great clinical utility to monitor a quickly changing health condition of patients affected by aggressive viral infections. This study aims to investigate the significance of platelet count during the progression of the disease in COVID-19 patients.
Methods A total of 532 COVID-19 patients were involved in the cohort study from the First People's Hospital of Jiangxia District in Wuhan from January 7, 2020, to February 28, 2020. We collected the clinical characteristics and laboratory data of patients. Patients still hospitalized before February 29, 2020, died on admission, with malignant tumors, previous gastrointestinal surgery, missing baseline platelet count, or platelet count detected only once, were excluded. We used a generalized additive model and generalized additive mixed model to compare trends in platelet count over time among survivors and non-survivors, with an adjustment for potential confounders.
Results During the follow-up, twenty-nine subjects died (mortality rate, 5.45%). The platelets among non-survivors decreased and among survivors increased gradually within 1 week after admission. In addition, the difference between the two groups showed an increasing trend during 1 week after admission. This difference increased by an average of $5.3 \times 10^9/L$ daily.
Conclusions In the early stage, platelet count can dynamically reflect the pathophysiological changes in COVID-19 patients.

The right sidebar shows the translated text:

翻译:
背景血小板计数的变化在新冠肺炎患者中很常见。血小板计数反映了血小板的更新，作为疾病严重程度的敏感指标，对监测受侵袭性病毒感染影响的患者快速变化的健康状况具有重要的临床应用价值。本研究旨在探讨血小板计数在新冠肺炎患者疾病进展中的意义。方法选取2020年1月7日至2020年2月28日在武汉市江夏区第一人民医院进行队列研究的新冠肺炎患者532例。我们收集了患者的临床特征和实验室资料。2020年2月29日之前仍在住院的患者入院时死亡，排除恶性肿瘤、既往胃肠手术、基线血小板计数缺失或仅检测一次血小板计数。我们使用广义加性模型和广义加性混合模型来比较幸存者和非幸存者血小板计数随时间的趋势，并对潜在的混杂因素进行调整。

原文: 可修改原文键重新翻译

Background Changes in platelet count are common in COVID-19 patients. The platelet count reflects the thrombocyte turnover, acting as a sensitive indicator of illness severity that is of great clinical utility to monitor a quickly changing health condition of patients affected by aggressive viral infections. This study aims to investigate the significance of platelet count

建议限定

✓观察性研究

✓近5年

✓人

The image shows a screenshot of the PubMed search interface. On the left side, there are several filter categories: 'Article types', 'Text availability', 'PubMed Commons', 'Publication dates', and 'Species'. The 'Observational Study' option under 'Article types' is highlighted with a red box. Under 'Publication dates', the '5 years' option is highlighted with a red box. Under 'Species', the 'Humans' option is highlighted with a red box. On the right side, a modal window titled 'Article types' is open, displaying a list of article types with checkboxes. The 'Observational Study' checkbox is checked and highlighted with a red box. Other article types listed include Legal Cases, Legislation, Letter, Meta-Analysis, Multicenter Study, News, Newspaper Article, Overall, Patient Education Handout, Periodical Index, Personal Narratives, Portraits, Practice Guideline, Pragmatic Clinical Trial, Published Erratum, and Randomized Controlled Trial.

PubMed
US National Library of Medicine
National Institutes of Health

Article types
Clinical Trial
Review
Customize ...

Text availability
Abstract
Free full text
Full text

PubMed Commons
Reader comments
Trending articles

Publication dates
✓ 5 years
10 years
Custom range

Species
✓ Humans

Article types
 Legal Cases
 Legislation
 Letter
 Meta-Analysis
 Multicenter Study
 News
 Newspaper Article
 Observational Study
 Overall
 Patient Education Handout
 Periodical Index
 Personal Narratives
 Portraits
 Practice Guideline
 Pragmatic Clinical Trial
 Published Erratum
 Randomized Controlled Trial

第三步：导出

PubMed.gov
US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health

PubMed [Create RSS](#) [Create alert](#) [Advanced](#)

clear **Format:** Summary ▾ **Sort by:** Best Match ▾ **Per page:** 20 ▾

Article types
Clinical Trial
✓ **Observational Study**
Review
Customize ...

Text availability
Abstract
Free full text
Full text

Publication dates
clear
✓ **5 years**
10 years
Custom range...

Species
clear
✓ **Humans**
Other Animals

Search results
Items: 1 to 20 of 224

Filters activated: Observational Study, published in the last 5 years, Humans

Due to technical constraints, your results were generated using the standard

1. [Screening and management of pre-eclampsia and eclampsia in antenatal services: findings from cross-sectional observation studies in six sub-Saharan African countries](#)
Rawlins B, Plotkin M, Rakotovo JP, Getachew A, Vaz M, Ricca J, Lynskey M, et al. BMC Pregnancy Childbirth. 2018 Aug 23;18(1):346. doi: 10.1186/s12884-018-1934-2. PMID: 30139342 [Free PMC Article](#)

PUBMED IF: 2.2630 Cited: 0 Ref: 0

[Similar articles](#)

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Choose Destination

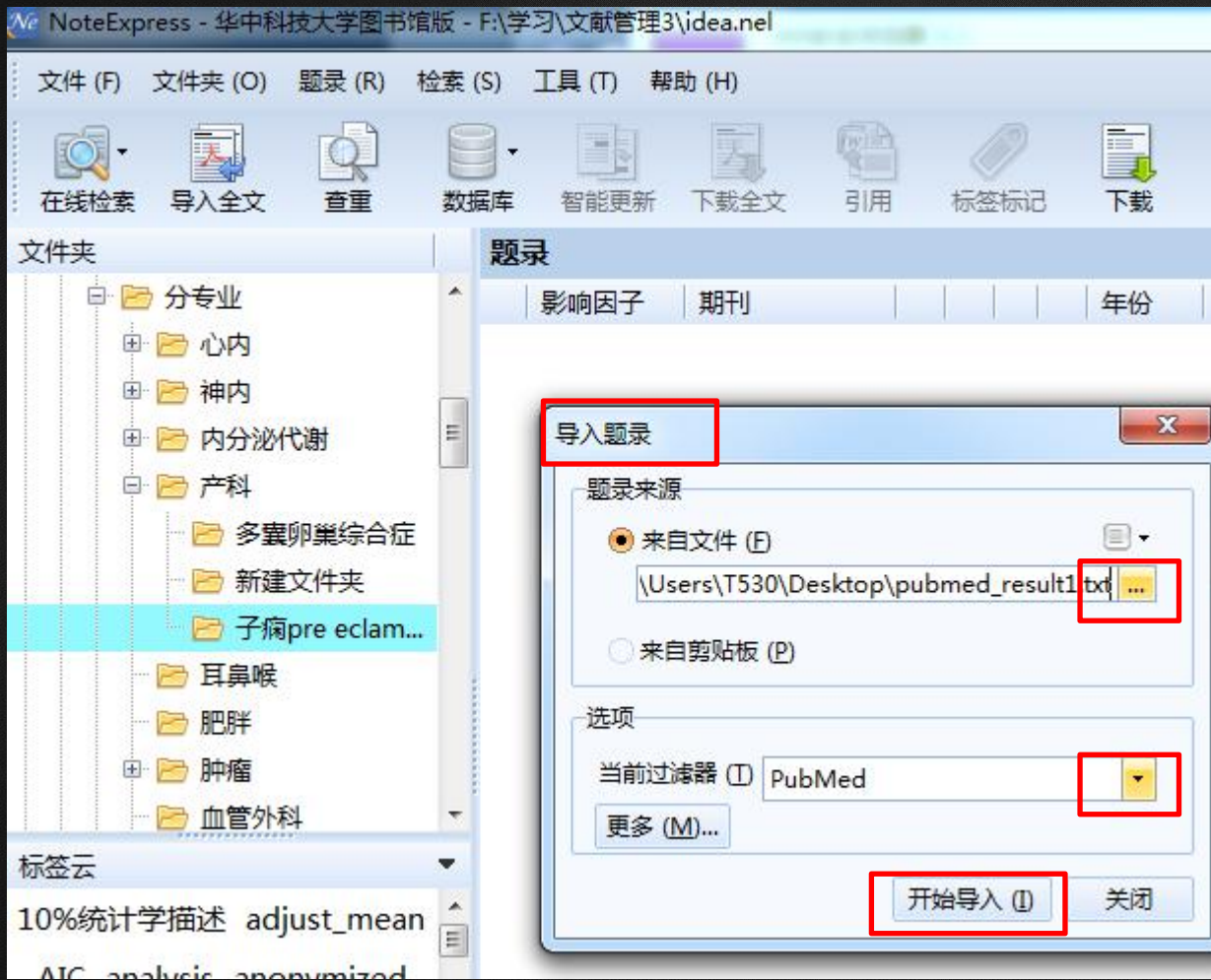
- File
- Collections
- Order
- Citation manager
- Clipboard
- E-mail
- My Bibliography

Generate a file for use with external citation management software.

Number to send

Start from citation

Create File



安装完NE之后创建新的文件夹，点击左上角“文件”-导入题录，给出之前在pubmed下载好的文件，滤镜选择Pubmed，点开始导入。

小技巧：自定义-显示影响因子。
在红框的空白区域，单击鼠标右键选“自定义”。

The screenshot shows the NoteExpress software interface. The title bar reads "NoteExpress - 华中科技大学图书馆版 - F:\学习\文献管理3\idea.net". The menu bar includes "文件 (F)", "文件夹 (O)", "题录 (R)", "检索 (S)", "工具 (T)", and "帮助 (H)". The toolbar contains icons for "在线检索", "导入全文", "查重", "数据库", "智能更新", "下载全文", "引用", "标签标记", and "下载".

The left sidebar shows a folder tree under "文件夹":

- 分专业
 - 心内
 - 神内
 - 内分泌代谢
 - 产科

The main window displays a "题录" (Bibliography) table with the following data:

影响因子	期刊	年份
72.406	N Engl J I	2
20.785	BMJ	2
20.785	BMJ	2
20.785	BMJ	2

A context menu is open over a blank cell in the "期刊" column of the first row. The menu options are: "默认表头" (checked), "自定义 (C)...", and "排序列表 (S)...". The "自定义 (C)..." option is highlighted with a red box.

题录 笔记

列表表头 (L)

默认表头

新建 (N)

删除 (D)

应用到文件夹 (P)...

“默认表头” 表头定义

显示的字段

可用的字段 (U):

ID

影响因子

链接

第二作者

第二作者译名

第二标题

第二标题翻译

出版地点

出版社

**

添加 (A) ->

<- 删除 (M)

显示的列 (S):

[已读]

期刊 *

[题录类型]

[星标]

[优先级]

[附件]

年份

作者

标题

上移 (U)

下移 (N)

重命名 (R)

高级 (V)...

确定 (O)

取消 (C)

题录

	年份	影响因子	期刊	作者			标题
● 是	2014	72.406	N Engl J Med	Huybrechts, K F; Pal...	☆	🚩	Antidepressant use in
● 是	2015	72.406	New England Journal of Me...	van Beek, A P; Lutge...	☆	🚩	Outcomes of Pregnan
● 是	2016	72.406	N Engl J Med	Zeisler, H; Llurba, E; ...	☆	🚩	Predictive Value of the
● 是	2014	47.831	Lancet	Villar, J; Cheikh, Ism...	★	🚩	International standard
● 是	2015	44.405	JAMA	Auger, N; Fraser, W ...	☆	🚩	Association Between F
● 是	2017	20.785	BMJ	Smith, R B; Fecht, D;...	★	🚩	Impact of London's ro
● 是	2018	19.864	The Lancet Infectious Diseas...	Reekie, Joanne; Rob...	☆	🚩	Chlamydia trachomati
● 是	2015	19.742	Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol	Farrar, D; Fairley, L; ...	☆	🚩	Association between h
● 是	2017	11.862	PLoS Med	Iliodromiti, S; Macka...	★	🚩	Customised and Nonc
● 是	2014	11.857	Diabetes Care	Feig, D S; Hwee, J; S...	☆	🚩	Trends in incidence of

细节 (D)
 预览 (P)
 综述 (S)
 附件 (K)
 笔记 (N)
 位置 (L)

字体设置:

【标题】 : Antidepressant use in pregnancy and the risk of cardiac defects

【作者】 : Huybrechts, K. F.; Palmsten, K.; Avorn, J. (...)

【来源】 : *N Engl J Med*, 2014, 370(25), 2397-2407

【摘要】 : BACKGROUND: Whether the use of selective serotonin-reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs) and other antidepressants associated with an increased risk of congenital cardiac defects is uncertain. In particular, there are concerns about the association between paroxetine use and right ventricular outflow tract obstruction and between sertraline use and ventricular septal defects.

工欲善其事必先利其器

► 投稿选刊实用工具1

https://www.geenmedical.com 免费注册

Pubmed 国自然 **投稿选刊** 医学头条 文献翻译 名师荐读 一键润色 玩转参考

GeenMedical

请输入期刊名/ISSN号

×

检索

研究选刊	内科 外科 内分泌 肿瘤学 泌尿生殖学 心血管 妇产科 胃肠肝病 风湿病 骨科 更多
发布国家	中国 美国 英格兰 荷兰 德国 瑞士 日本 法国 意大利 澳大利亚 波兰 巴西 更多
期刊分区	中科院一区 中科院二区 中科院三区 中科院四区
影响因子	0-0.5 0.6-1 1.1-1.5 1.6-10 10.1-20 20.1-50 ≥50
排序规则	影响因子 国人发稿量 国产占比

我们为您找到相关结果约80个

1

Human Reproduction Update

类型及分区: 妇产科 (1区) / 生殖生物学 (1区)

缩写名:

HUM REPROD UPDATE

发布国家: 英格兰

ISSN: 1355-4786

国产占比: 0.03

[影响因子趋势:](#)

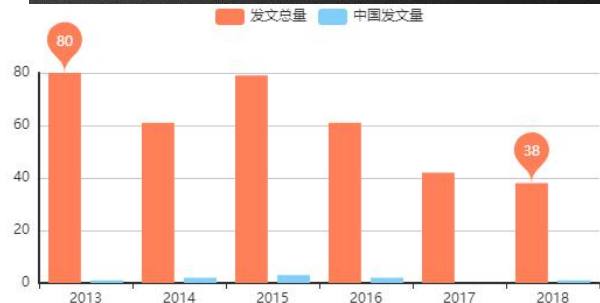
[中国发稿分析:](#)

影响因子: 12.684

录用难度: 很难

中国发稿: 1

一审周期: 约稿/周期不定



► 投稿选刊实用工具1

生殖领域SCI期刊和投稿建议：

3 Fertility And Sterility

类型及分区: 妇产科 (1区) / 生殖生物学 (2区)

缩写名: FERTIL STERIL 发布国家: 美国

ISSN: 0015-0282 国产占比: 0.07

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 6.312

中国发稿: 31

录用难度: 命中率约50%

一审周期: 平均2月

4 Human Reproduction

类型及分区: 妇产科 (1区) / 生殖生物学 (1区)

缩写名: HUM REPROD 发布国家: 英格兰

ISSN: 0268-1161 国产占比: 0.11

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 5.733

中国发稿: 31

录用难度: 很难

一审周期: 平均1月

作为生殖医学领域的No. 1期刊, Human reproduction虽然一直在IF5以下, 但是其在生殖生物学领域的影响力还是很大。本刊发文量相对较大, 接受生殖生物学基础医学和临床研究的论文, 但是相对偏重临床方向。虽然该杂志的IF不是很高, 但是对于创新性和临床意义要求还是较为苛刻和严谨, 如果您的论文偏重临床研究, 推荐投该刊, 但如果偏重生殖生物学的基础研究, 我们推荐投Molecular Human Reproduction。

17 Reproductive Biomedicine Online

类型及分区: 妇产科 (2区) / 生殖生物学 (3区)

缩写名:

REPROD BIOMED ONLINE 发布国家: 英格兰

ISSN: 1472-6483 国产占比: 0.15

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 3.218

中国发稿: 39

录用难度: 较易

一审周期: 一般, 3-8周

11 Molecular Human Reproduction

类型及分区: 妇产科 (2区) / 发育生物学 (2区) / 生殖生物学 (2区)

缩写名: MOL HUM REPROD 发布国家: 美国

ISSN: 1360-9947 国产占比: 0.12

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 3.636

中国发稿: 7

录用难度: 无数据

一审周期: 无数据

21 Journal of Assisted Reproduction And Genetics

类型及分区: 妇产科 (3区) / 遗传学 (4区) / 生殖生物学 (4区)

缩写名:

J ASSIST REPROD GEN 发布国家: 美国

ISSN: 1058-0468 国产占比: 0.1

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 2.829

中国发稿: 33

录用难度: 命中率约37.5%

一审周期: 平均1.7月

26 Reproductive Sciences

类型及分区: 妇产科 (3区) / 生殖生物学 (3区)

缩写名: REPROD SCI 发布国家: 美国

ISSN: 1933-7191 国产占比: 0.23

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 2.616

中国发稿: 73

录用难度: 命中率约53.57%

一审周期: 平均1.6月

36 Human Fertility

类型及分区: 妇产科 (4区) / 生殖生物学 (4区)

缩写名: HUM FERTIL 发布国家: 英格兰

ISSN: 1464-7273 国产占比: 0.08

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 2.161

中国发稿: 6

录用难度: 容易

一审周期: >12周, 或约稿

50 European Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology And Reproductive Biology

类型及分区: 妇产科 (4区) / 生殖生物学 (4区)

缩写名:

EUR J OBSTET GYN R B 发布国家: 荷兰

ISSN: 0301-2115 国产占比: 0.08

影响因子趋势: [↗](#)

中国发稿分析: [||||](#)

影响因子: 1.868

中国发稿: 43

录用难度: 命中率约63.57%

一审周期: 平均7.5月

► 投稿选刊实用工具1

查阅专业方向和重要细节

30 Women And Birth

类型及分区: 妇产科 (4区) / **护理学 (3区)**

缩写名: WOMEN BIRTH

发布国家: 荷兰

影响因子: 2.308

录用难度: 较易

ISSN: 1871-5192

国产占比: 0.03

中国发稿: 9

一审周期: 较慢,6-12周

[影响因子趋势:](#)

[中国发稿分析:](#)

官网入口

投稿须知

版面费说明

点击投稿

80 Gynecologie Obstetrique & Fertilité

类型及分区: 妇产科 (4区)

缩写名:

GYNECOL OBSTET FERTI

发布国家: 法国

影响因子: 0

录用难度: 容易

ISSN: 1297-9589

国产占比: 0

中国发稿: 0

一审周期: 偏慢,4-8周

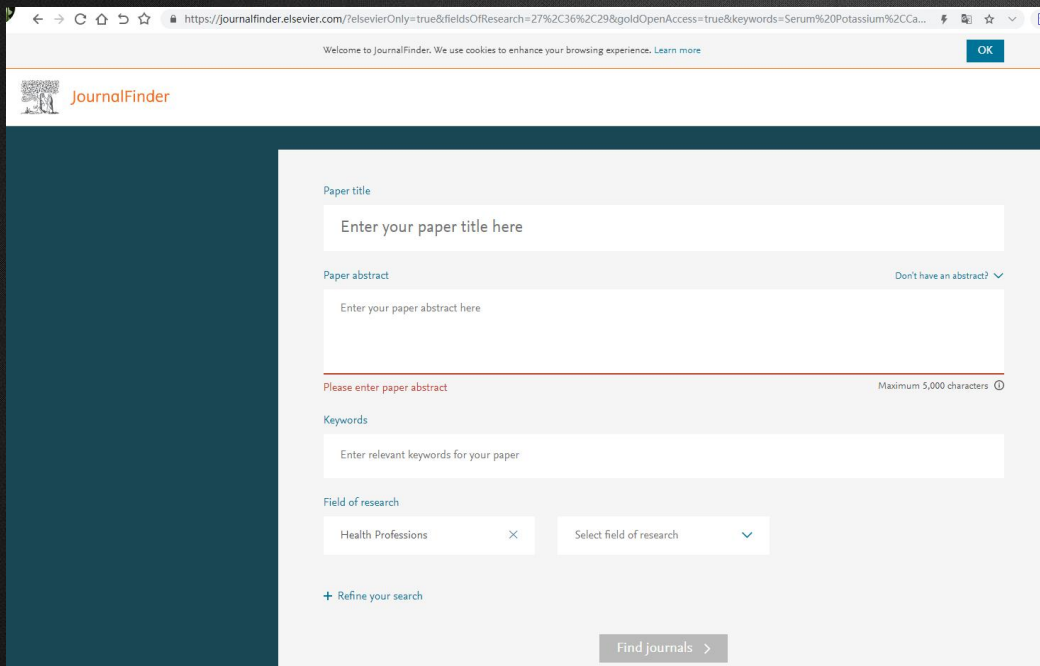
[影响因子趋势:](#)

[中国发稿分析:](#)

2018年6月已经被踢出SCI

▶ 投稿选刊实用工具2

<https://journalfinder.elsevier.com> 免费登录



The screenshot shows the JournalFinder search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the JournalFinder logo and a welcome message: "Welcome to JournalFinder. We use cookies to enhance your browsing experience. [Learn more](#)". Below this is a search form with the following sections:

- Paper title:** A text input field with the placeholder "Enter your paper title here".
- Paper abstract:** A text input field with the placeholder "Enter your paper abstract here". To the right of the field is a link "Don't have an abstract? ✓". Below the field is a red error message: "Please enter paper abstract" and a character count: "Maximum 5,000 characters ⓘ".
- Keywords:** A text input field with the placeholder "Enter relevant keywords for your paper".
- Field of research:** A dropdown menu currently showing "Health Professions" with an "X" icon to remove it. To the right is a "Select field of research" dropdown menu.
- Refine your search:** A link "+ Refine your search".
- Find journals:** A button with the text "Find journals" and a right-pointing arrow.

输入题目和摘要

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